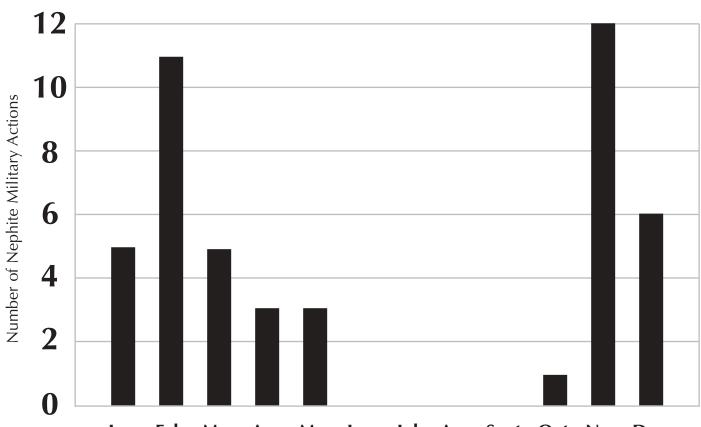
# Number of Months Involving Nephite Military Actions



Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.

#### **Nephite Calendar**

First Month
Second Month
Third Month
Fourth Month
Fifth Month
Sixth Month
Seventh Month
Eighth Month

Ninth Month Tenth Month

Eleventh Month Twelfth Month

### Five extra days would then complete the year

### Probable Julian Equivalent

25 February-26 March

27 March–25 April

26 April–25 May

26 May-24 June

25 June–24 July

25 July–23 August

24 August–22 September

23 September-22 October

23 October-21 November

22 November–21 December

27 December-25 January

26 January–24 February

## **Number of Months Involving Nephite Military Actions**

**Key Scripture** Alma 43–62

**Explanation** John L. Sorenson, an archaeologist who has devoted his life to the study of ancient Mesoamerica and how it corresponds to the history of the Nephite, Lamanite, and Jaredite peoples in the Book of Mormon, concludes that "Nephite wars were typically carried out early in the dry season as permitted by the agricultural maintenance pattern and when weather conditions were most suited for military campaigns. . . . The Nephite seasonality pattern for warfare agrees remarkably well with what we know from Mesoamerica about seasons for fighting and for cultivation and harvest." As this chart illustrates, November and February were the months in which the most warfare was conducted. Other months were reserved for cultivation and harvesting of crops, taxing, celebrating according to the law of Moses, and so forth.

John L. Sorenson, "Seasonality of Warfare in the Book of Mormon and in Mesoamerica," in Warfare in the Book of Mormon, ed. Stephen D. Ricks and William J. Hamblin (Salt Lake City: Deseret Book and FARMS, 1990), 455–57.