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Questions and Answers on the Book of Mormon, Reign of the Judges, Lesson XCIII

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Abstract: Series that discusses the “Reign of the Judges.” Based strictly on text, deals with details such as names, dates, and specific events.

Questions and Answers

ON THE BIBLE.

FIRST BOOK OF SAMUEL.

LESSON XCIII.

- Q.—What did the people then say unto Samuel?
 A.—“Who is he that said, Shall Saul reign over us? find the men, that we may put them to death.”
- Q.—What did Saul say?
 A.—“There shall not a man be put to death this day: for to-day the Lord hath wrought salvation in Israel.”
- Q.—What then did Samuel say to the people?
 A.—“Come, and let us go to Gilgal, and renew the kingdom there.”
- Q.—When the people went to Gilgal what was done there?
 A.—“They made Saul king before the Lord.”
- Q.—What else did they do?
 A.—“They sacrificed sacrifices of peace before the Lord.”
- Q.—What also is said?
 A.—“And there Saul and all the men of Israel rejoiced greatly.”
- Q.—What did Samuel then say unto all Israel?
 A.—“Behold, I have hearkened unto your voice in all that ye said unto me, and have made a king over you.”
- Q.—What was the people's reply when Samuel enquired concerning his integrity?
 A.—“Thou hast not defrauded us, neither hast thou taken aught of any man's hand.”
- Q.—What did the people acknowledge after Samuel rehearsed to them the dealings of the Lord?
 A.—That they had greatly sinned against him.
- Q.—What sign did the Lord give to the people in answer to Samuel's prayer?
 A.—He sent thunder and rain during wheat harvest.
- Q.—What effect did this have upon the people?
 A.—They greatly feared the Lord and Samuel.
- Q.—What did the people then say unto Samuel?
 A.—“Pray for thy servants unto the Lord thy God that we die not: for we have added unto all our sins this evil, to ask us a king.”
- Q.—What was Samuel's reply to them?
 A.—“Fear not: ye have done all this wickedness: yet turn not aside from following the Lord, but serve the Lord with all your heart.”
- Q.—What did he say concerning the Lord?
 A.—“For the Lord will not forsake his people for his great name's sake: because it hath pleased the Lord to make you his people.”
- Q.—What did he say concerning himself?
 A.—“God forbid that I should sin against the Lord in ceasing to pray for you: but I will teach you the good and right way.”
- Q.—What did he say to them, if they still did wickedly?
 A.—“Ye shall be consumed, ye and your king.”
- Q.—What did Saul do when he had reigned two years over Israel?
 A.—He chose three thousand men.
- Q.—How many were with him?
 A.—Two thousand.
- Q.—Who had the other thousand men?
 A.—Jonathan.
- Q.—What did Saul do with the rest of the people?
 A.—He sent every man to his tent.
- Q.—What did Jonathan do with his thousand men?
 A.—He smote the garrison of the Philistines that was in Geba.
- Q.—What did Saul then cause to be done?
 A.—That it should be known throughout the land.
- Q.—What was the result?
 A.—The people came to Saul at Gilgal.

Questions and Answers

ON THE BOOK OF MORMON.

REIGN OF THE JUDGES.

LESSON XCIII.

- Q.—After Moroni had sufficiently fortified the city of Bountiful, what did he cause the prisoners to do?
 A.—He caused them to build a wall, surrounding the place where they were kept.
- Q.—How did Moroni employ his troops during the remainder of the year?
 A.—He ordered them to make every preparation and to collect food for the armies.
- Q.—By reason of dissensions among the Nephites what were the Lamanites on the west enabled to do?
 A.—They succeeded in getting possession of a number of cities in that part of the land.
- Q.—Who occupied the land of Zarahemla?
 A.—The Ammonites.
- Q.—When they saw the Nephites in danger of being overpowered, what did they want to do?
 A.—They desired to take up arms and assist them.
- Q.—What restrained them from doing this?
 A.—Helaman reminded them of the vow they had made—never to take up arms for war.
- Q.—Were the Nephites then left without any assistance?
 A.—No; the young men of the Ammonites, who had not made any such oath, covenanted to assist their friends.
- Q.—How many of them were there?
 A.—Thirty thousand.
- Q.—Who was chosen for leader?
 A.—Helaman.
- Q.—In the beginning of the twenty-ninth year of the Judges' reign, what did Ammoron do?
 A.—He sent to Moroni, asking an exchange of prisoners.
- Q.—Did Moroni feel pleased at receiving this request?
 A.—Yes; he wanted to strengthen his armies, and he wanted the food for his own people which was being consumed by his Lamanite prisoners.
- Q.—Had Moroni taken many women and children prisoners?
 A.—No; his prisoners were all men.
- Q.—Was this the case with the prisoners taken by the enemy?
 A.—No; many were women and children.
- Q.—In order to obtain as many Nephites as possible from the Lamanites, what did Moroni offer to do?
 A.—He replied to Ammoron that he would exchange prisoners only on condition that for every Lamanite prisoner given up, a man and his family of the Nephite captives should be exchanged.
- Q.—What did Moroni threaten to do unless Ammoron withdrew his troops?
 A.—To attack them and destroy them all.
- Q.—What was Ammoron's reply?
 A.—He consented to exchange on such a condition, but said he did not fear the Nephites.
- Q.—What reason did Ammoron give for wishing an exchange of prisoners?
 A.—That he might get his fighting men back, and would then wage an eternal war.
- Q.—Was Moroni willing to exchange when he learned of Ammoron's intention?
 A.—No; but he determined upon a stratagem.
- Q.—What did he first require?
 A.—A descendant of Laman.
- Q.—Did he find such a one?
 A.—Yes, and his name was Laman.